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LATEST FOREIGN NEWS

IMPORTANT BRITISH SUCCESS IN THE SOUDAN.

Recent Massacres in the Philippines—No Change in Eastern Question—American Politics.

UNITED STATES.

The Republicans of San Jose county, Cal., in their platform favor American domination in Hawaii.

Ed. Crane, a noted baseball pitcher, committed suicide at Rochester, N. Y., by taking a dose of chloroform.

The Kilby Manufacturing Co., Springfield, O., is making a \$200,000 sugar plant for the Alamitos Sugar Co. of Alamitos, Cal.

Nine 100-pound sacks of gold ore, valued at \$30,000, were stolen from the powder magazine of the Tom Boy mine, Telluride, Col., where it had been temporarily placed.

Rev. M. F. Colburn of the Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, San Francisco, was stricken with paralysis at his home on Sunday and is not expected to live.

Rock Springs, Wyo., was visited by a cloud-burst, bombarding the town with hail and badly damaging property. In some places the hail fell to a depth of one and two feet.

John Marsh, a vineyardist ten miles from Fresno, Cal., was attacked and beaten by a gang of 28 Japanese laborers to whom he had refused an increase of wages. Twenty of them were arrested and eight escaped.

Ogden and the surrounding country was visited by a wind storm the night of the 18th which has no parallel in the history of Utah. Fire broke out in the midst of the storm and destroyed the warehouses of Med. J. Kiesel & Co.

Whitecaps near Toledo, Ohio, brutally abused a man named Huntsman, against two of whose children a charge of stealing a purse containing \$80 had been trumped up. Twice they buried him alive and each time after digging him up cruelly beat and lashed him.

Charles Cavill, the champion swimmer of Australia, accomplished the most important feat in the history of the Coast on Sunday, the 20th inst. He swam across the Golden Gate, doing it in one hour and fifteen minutes. The distance is over one and a half miles in a straight line.

A find of dynamite bombs has been made in Chicago by the police, and the discovery is directly connected with the executed anarchists of 1836 and those who were pardoned by Governor Altgeld after being sent to prison for life. Letters found in the trunk containing the bombs show the connection.

Word has been received from the venerable Bishop William Taylor in his new mission to Africa on his own account. He was retired by the General Conference of the Methodist Church because of his advanced years, and six weeks later was on his way to Africa. He is at Johannesburg and writes that he is in splendid health.

Six men from the British tramp steamer Linlithgow, carrying news of her breakdown at sea, reached Acapulco, Mexico, on August 29. They made the voyage of 960 miles in sixteen days, in the twenty four foot lifeboat of the steamer. Often they were in danger of being swamped in the heavy seas. The Linlithgow left San Francisco on July 31 for Leith, and on August 11 her tail shaft broke in the tube. When the news left Acapulco no steamer had been sent to search for the drifting vessel.

TROUBLE AT LEADVILLE.

Leadville, Colorado, had a night of terror from the evening

of the 20th. Explosions were heard from the direction of the Coronado mine, also fusillades of rifle shots. At a late hour in the morning it was stated that the mine had been blown up and destroyed. The buildings about the mine were set on fire, but the flames died down soon after the firemen went to the spot.

The following dispatch at 2:10 a.m. of the 21st will give an idea of the state of excitement:

"The sights and sounds beggar description. All the whistles in the city are blowing and two or three steam sirens add discord to the dark night's alarming choros. The sharp cracks of rifles punctuate the tooting at irregular intervals.

"Citizens have gone to the scene with whatever arms they can gather and a militia company quartered across the street has just marched toward the Coronado under arms. The whistle which calls out all citizens in case of emergency has just sounded, and the streets are full of rushing men, crying women and children."

At 2:30 Sheriff Newman and Judge Owens called upon Governor McIntyre for troops to quell the riot. The Governor at once issued the call and before daylight the entire military force of the State were en route for the scene of the trouble. The troops from Denver, two infantry companies and a battery, will reach Leadville that day. The Governor issued the order to that effect. At 3:40 o'clock the news that the Emmet and Marion mines had been attacked decided the Governor to intervene with armed force.

A Leadville dispatch of September 21 says: The miners' strike of which tonight's lawlessness is the outcome, began three months ago yesterday, when, at 11 o'clock at night, the men in two or three of the leading mines walked out. The union scale of wages in Leadville was \$3 for everybody; but in 1893, when the price of silver dropped below 60 cents an ounce, an agreement was made that \$2.50 should be accepted for some classes of work until silver should return to 83 cents. This agreement, the miners afterward declared, was unfair, as many of the mines paid large dividends. It was to enforce the original scale of \$3 that the men struck. About 3000 men were involved. Within the last two weeks several mines have resumed work and this week the output has been 1200 tons daily, against 2000 tons before the strike.

THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.

Bryan sat in Lincoln's pew in church at Washington, where he spent Sunday as the guest of C. T. Bride.

John Boyd Thacher, Democratic nominee for Governor of New York, has declared himself in favor of the gold standard.

A message of sympathy has been sent to Bryan by the International Agricultural Congress called at Budapest by the Hungarian Minister of Agriculture.

The Central Labor Union, in session at New York, refused to consider a resolution committing the organization to the support of Bryan, because the Union had nothing to do with religion or politics. It was stated by a delegate that Senator Jones, secretary of the Democratic National Committee, had sent the printing for the Bryan campaign to Alexandria, Va., because he could get men to work there for \$8 a week, instead of getting it done at Washington, where the men get \$18 a week.

EUROPE.

The Czar and Czarina embarked on the imperial yacht Standard, which sailed from Copenhagen on the 20th for Leith, escorted by the Pole Star.

The authorities of Rotterdam have received an anonymous letter threatening to explode all the public buildings there unless the Irish prisoners, Kearney and Haines, are liberated.

Luigi Crispi, son of the ex Premier of Italy, is charged by Countess Cellers with stealing her jewels in April last year. The young man is in Brazil.

OTHER LANDS.

The last stone has been laid on the British Columbia parliament buildings, which will cost more than one million dollars.

The sugar refinery at Moncton, N. B., Canada, was burned the night of September 20. It is said to be insured for \$300,000, but the loss will exceed that figure.

A private message received at Tacoma on the 20th states that the British warship Comus was badly damaged last day by striking a sunken rock off the coast of Vancouver Island.

FALL OF DONGOLA.

A dispatch from Kerma on the Nile, Sept. 20, says: Dongola has fallen and the nominal objective point of the British-Egyptian expedition has been reached. The river forces of the British Egyptian expedition, pushing up the Nile from El Hafir, landed a force at Dongola and occupied that place before the Dervish forces, retreating from El Hafir, reached that point. El Hafir and Dongola are therefore both in the hands of the expedition, while the Dervish forces are somewhere between, seeking a refuge.

There was long range fighting all the previous day between the Dervishes on the west side of the river and the British and Egyptians on the opposite bank. Great execution was done among the Dervishes by the fire from the Maxim guns. Night ended the duel and in the morning it was found that the Dervishes had evacuated El Hafir. They had buried as many of their dead as they had time for, then threw the remainder with stones tied to their necks into the river.

The Maxim guns were manned by the Connaught Rangers, and the Tenth Battalion was ranged along the bank of the river, facing the Dervish position. They fired three rounds at the enemy.

One of the most striking things noted during the fight was the long range of the enemy's Remington rifles. At a distance of 1200 yards they were able to do a deal of damage, and some of their bullets struck at least 2000 yards from the point of firing.

The expedition only lost five wounded in the engagement. The river force occupied Dongola and it was hoped to have the whole expedition there before night.

Wad Bishara, the leader of the Dervishes, was badly wounded in his tent by a shell explosion.

An editorial in the London Times with reference to the taking of Dongola, says: We may reasonably hope that the work of liberation was speedily carried further south.

A dispatch from Kerma to the Chronicle says that the treasure chest belonging to the Mahdist leaders was on board the steamer which was sunk in the Nile.

The correspondent of the Daily News from the Nile expedition, in a dispatch from El Hafir, says: It is possible that being desperate, the Dervishes will make a hot fight for Dongola, though I learn there is great dissension among their leaders and the disabling of Wad Bishara materially affects the Dervish plans.

A Kerma dispatch to the Standard praises the clever tactics of Wad Bishara and adds: The Dervishes are certainly well led and they retain much of their old spirit.

MASSACRES IN THE PHILIPPINES.

A dispatch to the Madrid Imparcial from Hongkong says that the insurgents at Cavite, Philippine islands, captured the monastery there and massacred the monks, putting them to death with knives. Spanish war ships afterward started a bombardment of the insurgent position, but the shots fell short and no harm was done.

JAPANESE BARON HERE

MINISTER TO ST. PETERSBURG FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS.

Is Accompanied by the Japanese Consul at New York, and Both Are Going Home.

Two notable Japanese gentlemen are through passengers on the City of Peking.

One, Baron Nissi, for the last ten years Japanese Minister Plenipotentiary at St. Petersburg, is on his way home for good, his term having expired. The other, K. Miyagawa, Consul at New York, is going to Japan to transact some important official business, after which he expects to return to New York, where he has been stationed only since last year.

Baron Nissi is 49 years of age. He will probably on his return to Japan be promoted to some high Government position in recognition of his services and rank, so says Consul Miyagawa. Until four years ago, when the Baron last visited Japan, his wife lived with him in the Russian capital, but since that visit she has remained at home. Baron Nissi was in San Francisco twenty-six years ago when he first went to Europe, and then again twelve years ago as escort in the suite of the Prince of Japan.

Speaking of the proposed Japanese steamship lines, Mr. Miyagawa said to a Call reporter that he saw president Asano last week, just before he started for England. Asano informed him that his plan would be uncertain until he had completed his visit in England. One thing, however, he will not run a line of steamers to Europe, that field being already occupied by his countrymen, but he will have a line running to Asia Minor to the Russian oil region. Asano may have his ships built on the Clyde, where all other Japanese ships have been built, but he is not decided yet to overlook America and his own country in that respect.

SATURDAY'S BILL GAME.

Spectators Were More Than Conspicuous by Their Absence.

The mere handful of spectators who put up their quarters to see the last game of the season on Saturday afternoon got the worth of their money, for in spite of the absence of several of the team players, the official umpires and scorers a very good game was put up. J. O. Carter Jr. of the Stars filled up the Kams' nine while Gleason of the First Regiment team and Willie Cornwell helped out the Honolulu. Cornwell pitched in Clark's place and made a success of it. Duke McNicoll of the Stars officiated as umpire.

For the first four innings not a single run was made by either nine and the spectators settled down to enjoy a good game. In the fifth both teams scored once. In the sixth the Kams added two more to their score and in the eighth three, making a total of six. The Honolulu got one each in the eighth and ninth, making three in all.

THE DUGWAY TROUIN.

Arrival of the French Frigate from Tahiti.

The French iron frigate Duguay Trouin arrived early this morning. She left Tahiti on September 9, going to the Marquesas Islands, which she reached in four days. After a short stay at the Marquesas, the warship sailed for Honolulu. During the trip, a seaman fell overboard, but was rescued.

The Duguay Trouin has been here before. She is about 3800 tons, carries 16 large guns, and has a powerful ram. The crew

numbers about 335 men. After a stay of three or four days at this port, during which she will take in a supply of coal, she will proceed to San Francisco. Following are the officers:

M. Bayle, commander and chief of the naval division of the Pacific Ocean;

M. Daniel, navigating captain;

M. Hugnet, lieutenant of the ship, adjutant of the division;

M. Houille, chief engineer and engineer of the division;

M. Aubertin, chief paymaster and paymaster of the division;

M. Gouzer, surgeon of the first class and surgeon of the division;

Lieutenants—MM. du Plessis, de Castries, Fitte, de Salins and Broc;

Ensigns—MM. Dubois and Porcher;

Cadets—MM. Jourdan de la Passardiere, Semichon, Palle, Diraison, Dupont, Dukers and du Brossay.

LETTER FROM THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL,
HONOLULU, H. I., Sept. 28, 1896.

EDITOR EVENING BULLETIN:

Your report of a statement made by me in relation to the immunity of Foreign Representatives from arrest, which appeared in your issue of the 26th instant, correctedly reported, in the main, the statement I made, although at the time I did not know it would be published.

The statement, however, failed to include in the exemption Diplomatic officers with the rank of Charge d'Affaires and Secretaries of Legation.

Senhor A. de Souza Canavarro is Charge d'Affaires and Consul General for Portugal, and is entitled to the full protection of his rank.

The matter received full attention from the Minister of Foreign Affairs.

WILLIAM O. SMITH,
Attorney General.

Born in Honolulu.

George Pepalou, a leper, has surrendered himself to the Receiving Hospital in San Francisco, and was to be sent to the Pesthouse.

Pepalou, who is 36 years of age, was born in Honolulu, his mother being a native and his father an Italian. He left these islands when only 5 years of age, and went to live with his brother, Joseph, who was an engineer in Houston, Tex. At the age of 16 years he discovered that he was afflicted with leprosy, and informed his brother.

The latter, anxious to keep his brother's condition from the authorities, placed him in an unused barn, where the unfortunate fellow was confined. At the death of his brother, which occurred three years later, Pepalou emerged from his place of concealment and was promptly taken in charge by the health officials.

Since then he has been driven out of every city he visited until now, when tired of being a wanderer, he has sought shelter as stated.

Company A's Encampment.

The combined encampment of Company A. and the band concert by the Hawaiian band drew out the largest crowd of the season to Makee Island yesterday afternoon. The boys in blue had a fine time and received hosts of callers during the afternoon. Ice cream and cake was served in Captain Smith's headquarters, Company A. returned to the city early this morning.

A New Editor.

With this issue of the Herald the editorial management is vested in C. G. Campbell, President of the Company. C. S. Bradford, formerly editor and manager of the paper, has retired on resignation of his own free will and accord.—Hawaii Herald.

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Come and See it!

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LOTS AT WAIKIKI FOR SALE.

There are 6 Lots at Waikiki, lying on the Waikiki side of Kalia Road for sale, about 116 feet makai of Waikiki Road.

Those lots will be sold for cash or on installment plan.

For further particulars apply to

WILLIAM C. ACHI,
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Continued on 4th Page.